

JCDecaux

LIGHTING IMPACT ASSESSMENT -

OUTDOOR SIGNAGE AT PRINCES HIGHWAY, HEATHCOTE, NSW (INBOUND)

21st April 2023 Ref: 3023.27

Lighting Impact Assessment
Outdoor Signage at Princes Highway, Heathcote, NSW (Inbound)

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CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	3
2. DEFINITIONS	3
2.1 Illuminance	3
2.2 Luminance	3
2.3 Luminous Intensity	3
2.4 Obtrusive Light	3
2.5 Threshold Increment	3
2.6 AGI32 Light Simulation Software	3
2.7 Upward Light Ratio (ULR)	3
3. SITE DESCRIPTION AND SCOPE	4
4. DESIGN GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS	4
5. LUMINANCE ASSESSMENT	5
6. AS4282 ASSESSMENT	6
7. SUMMARY	8
8. DESIGN CERTIFICATION	9
APPENDIX A	10
APPENDIX B	13
APPENDIX C	15
APPENDIX D	17

1. INTRODUCTION

Electrolight have been appointed by JCDecaux to undertake a Lighting Impact Assessment on the proposed inbound digital signage at Princes Highway, Heathcote, NSW. The objective of the assessment is to report on compliance with the State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021, NSW Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising and Signage Guidelines, and AS4282-2019 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Illuminance

The physical measure of illumination is illuminance. It is the luminous flux arriving at a surface divided by the area of the illuminated surface. Unit: lux (lx): lx = 1 lm/m2.

- (a) Horizontal illuminance (Eh) The value of illuminance on a designated horizontal plane
- (b) Vertical illuminance (Ev) The value of illuminance on a designated vertical plane

Where the vertical illuminance is considered in the situation of potentially obtrusive light at a property boundary it is referred to as environmental vertical illuminance (Eve).

2.2 Luminance

The physical quantity corresponding to the brightness of a surface (e.g. a lamp, luminaire or reflecting material such as the road surface) when viewed from a specified direction. SI Unit: candela per square metre (cd/m2) – also referred to as "nits".

2.3 Luminous Intensity

The concentration of luminous flux emitted in a specified direction. Unit: candela (cd).

2.4 Obtrusive Light

Spill Light which, because of quantitative, directional or spectral attributes in a given context, gives rise to annoyance, discomfort, distraction or a reduction in the ability to see essential information.

2.5 Threshold Increment

The measure of disability glare expressed as the percentage increase in contrast required between a standard object and its background (the carriageway) for it to be seen equally as well with the source of glare present as with it absent, derived in the specified manner. This metric is directly related to Veiling Luminance.

NOTE: The required value is a maximum for compliance of the lighting scheme.

2.6 AGI32 Light Simulation Software

AGI32 (by U.S. company Lighting Analysts) is an industry standard lighting simulation software package that can accurately model and predict the amount of light reaching a designated surface or workplane. AGi32 is a has been independently tested against the International Commission On Illumination (CIE) benchmark, CIE 171:2006, Test Cases to Assess the Accuracy of Lighting Computer Programs.

2.7 Upward Light Ratio (ULR)

The ratio between the luminous flux emitted above the horizontal plane to the total flux emitted by a light source. The ULR is used as a measure to limit direct spill light to the sky.

3. SITE DESCRIPTION AND SCOPE

The proposed digital signage is located at Princes Highway (near Veno St), Heathcote, NSW. The signage faces the inbound traffic on Princes Highway. The total active display (illuminated) area of the proposed signage is 39.94 m2. The digital signage it to be in 24 hour operation. Refer to Appendix A for proposed signage location plan and elevations.

The proposed digital signage is illuminated using LEDs installed within the front face. The brightness of the LEDs shall be controlled to provide upper and lower thresholds as required as well as automatically via a local light sensor to adjust to ambient lighting conditions.

For the purpose of this report the proposed manufacturer of the digital signage is noted as Big Screen Video model type BSV-YATR-10 with performance parameters as outlined in Appendix B. The signage include baffles which mitigate upward waste light, resulting in an Upward Light Ratio (ULR) of less than 50%. Alternative digital sign manufacturers may be used for this installation as long as they have equivalent lighting and performance characteristics and are commissioned as described in this report.

4. DESIGN GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS

The Lighting Impact Assessment will review the proposed digital signage against the following Criteria, Design Guidelines and Standards.

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 (Refer Appendix C)
- Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising & Signage Guidelines 2017
- AS 4282-2019 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting

5. LUMINANCE ASSESSMENT

The maximum permissible night time luminance of the signage is determined by the existing lighting environment of its surroundings. AS4282 outlines maximum average luminances for different Environmental Zones as shown in Table 1 below:

TABLE 1 - MAXIMUM NIGHT TIME AVERAGE LUMINANCE FOR SIGNAGE					
Environmental Zone	Description	Max Average Luminance (cd/m2)			
A4	High district brightness e.g. Town and city centres, commercial areas, and residential areas abutting commercial areas	350			
А3	Medium district brightness e.g. suburban areas in towns and cities	250			
A2	Low district brightness e.g. sparsely inhabited rural and semi- rural areas	150			
A1	Dark e.g. relatively uninhabited rural areas. No Road Lighting	0.1			
AO	Intrinsically Dark e.g. Major Optical Observatories. No Road Lighting	0.1			

Note: Where the signage is viewed against a predominantly dark background (e.g. night sky) then the maximum applicable environmental zone is A2

Based on an assessment of the surrounding environment, the proposed signage is located within Environmental Zone A4 under AS4282, therefore, the maximum night time luminance is 350cd/m2.

AS4282 does not include limits for daytime operation of illuminated signage. However, the Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising & Signage Guidelines outlines maximum permissible luminance limits for various lighting conditions, including daytime. Under the Guidelines, the proposed signage is classified as being within Zone 3, which is described as an area with generally medium off-street ambient lighting, eg. small to medium shopping/ commercial centres. The maximum night time luminance of a digital signage within Zone 3 is 350 cd/m2.

Table 2 outlines the maximum luminance levels to comply with AS4282 and the Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising & Signage Guidelines for the various lighting conditions listed below:

TABLE 2 - LUMINANCE LEVELS FOR DIGITAL ADVERTISEMENTS							
Lighting Condition	Max Permissible Luminance (cd/m2) #	Compliant					
Full Sun on face of Signage	No Limit	1					
Day Time Luminance (typical sunny day)	6000	1					
Morning and Evening Twilight and Overcast Weather	700	√					
Night Time	250*	√					

[#] The signage is to be dimmed on site to ensure the maximum luminance nominated above is not exceeded.

It is our opinion that signage that is illuminated to the maximum luminances outlined above would be visually consistent with the existing ambient lighting and suitable for the local area. A more detailed night time lighting assessment is provided in Section 6.0.

^{*} The maximum permissible luminance allowable under both AS4282 and the Department of Transport is actually 350 cd/m2. The luminance limit shown above was derived as a result of the calculation and assessment in Section 5 and 6, to ensure compliance with other criteria of AS4282 and any additional lighting requirements as described in this report

6. AS4282 ASSESSMENT

The proposed signage has been assessed against AS 4282-2019 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting as outlined in Section 4.

AS4282 provides limits for different obtrusive factors associated with dark hours (night time) operation of outdoor lighting systems. Two sets of limiting values for spill light are given based on whether the lighting is operating before a curfew (known as "pre-curfew" operation) or operating after a curfew (known as post-curfew or curfewed operation). Pre-curfew spill lighting limits are higher than post-curfew values, on the understanding that spill light is more obtrusive late at night when residents are trying to sleep. Under AS4282, the post-curfew period is taken to be between 11pm and 6am daily. As the signage operates all night, the signage will be assessed against the more stringent post-curfew limits.

Illuminance Assessment

The AS4282 assessment includes a review of nearby residential dwellings and calculation of the amount of illuminance (measured in Lux) that the properties are likely to receive from the signage during night time operation.

The acceptable level of illuminance will in part be determined by the night time lighting environment around the dwellings. AS4282 categorises the night time environment into different zones with maximum lighting limits as shown in Table 3 below:

TABLE 3 - MAXIMUM VALUES OF LIGHT TECHNICAL PARAMETERS							
Environmental	Max Vertical II	luminance (lx)	Description				
Zone	Pre-curfew	Post-curfew	Description				
AO	0	0	Intrinsically Dark e.g. Major Optical Observatories. No Road Lighting				
A1	2	0.1	Dark e.g. relatively uninhabited rural areas. No Road Lighting				
A2	5	1	Low district brightness e.g. sparsely inhabited rural and semi- rural areas				
А3	10	2	Medium district brightness e.g. suburban areas in towns and cities				
A4	25	5	High district brightness e.g. Town and city centres, commercial areas, and residential areas abutting commercial areas				

Based on an assessment of the surrounding areas, the nearest dwellings with potential views to the signage are at the following locations:

Address	Zone
2-4 Strickland Street	A4
3 Veno Street	A4
1317-1322 Princes Highway	A4
1322A Princes Highway	A4
1324 Princes Highway	A4
1326 Princes Highway	A4

Address	Zone
1328 Princes Highway	A4
1 Wilson Street	А3
3 Wilson Street	А3
5 Wilson Street	А3
7 Wilson Street	А3
9 Wilson Street	A3

As such, the dwellings above will form the focus of the illuminance assessment.

The proposed signage (and surrounding environment) was modelled in lighting calculation program AGI32 to determine the effect (if any) of the light spill from the proposed signage. Photometric data for the screen was provided by the signage manufacturer*, with luminances corresponding to the night time limit outlined in Section 5. Appendix D shows the lighting model and the results of the calculations.

It can be seen from the lighting model that the maximum illuminance to dwellings in Zone A4 is 2.9 lux at 1322A Princes Highway. The maximum illuminance to dwellings in Zone A3 is 0.9 lux at 5 Wilson Parade. The illuminance levels above comply with the maximum AS4282 limit of 5 lux for Zone A4 properties and 2 lux for Zone A3 properties outlined in Table 3.

Luminous Intensity

The luminous intensity limits nominated in the standard are not applicable for internally illuminated signage.

Threshold Increment Assessment

The Threshold Increment was also calculated for the northbound traffic approach on Princes Highway, Veno Street Left Turn on to Princes Hwy and the northbound Trainline approach. The calculation grids were located at 1.5m above ground level for general traffic approaches and 2m above ground for rail approaches, with an approach viewing distance of between 10 m to 200 m from the sign and a windscreen cutoff angle of 20 degrees (as outlined in AS1158). The calculation results show that the Threshold Increment does not exceed 5.6% for any traffic approach (the allowable maximum under the standard is 20%).

Additional AS4282 Requirements:

The signage operator must ensure that the average luminance difference between successive images does not exceed 30% to ensure compliance with AS4282. The dwell time shall be 10 seconds or greater to comply with the minimum requirements of AS4282.

Summary

It can therefore be seen that the proposed digital signage complies with all relevant requirements of AS 4282-2019 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.

^{*} Electrolight takes no responsibility for the accuracy of third party provided photometric data.

7. SUMMARY

The proposed digital signage to be installed at Princes Highway, Heathcote, NSW shall be commissioned on site to yield the following maximum luminances:

LUMINANCE LEVELS FOR DIGITAL ADVERTISEMENTS						
Lighting Condition	Max Permissible Luminance (cd/m2)	Compliant				
Full Sun on face of Signage	No Limit	√				
Day Time Luminance (typical sunny day)	6000	√				
Morning and Evening Twilight and Overcast Weather	700	√				
Night Time	250	√				

- The signage operator must ensure that the average luminance difference between successive images does not exceed 30% to ensure compliance with AS4282. The dwell time shall be 10 seconds or greater in order to comply with the requirements of AS4282.
- The proposed digital signage has been found to comply with all relevant requirements of AS 4282-2019 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.
- In complying with the above requirements, the proposed digital signage should not result in unacceptable glare nor should it adversely impact the safety of pedestrians, residents or vehicular traffic. Additionally, the signage should not cause any reduction in visual amenity to nearby residences or accommodation.

8. DESIGN CERTIFICATION

The proposed inbound digital signage to be installed at Princes Highway (near Veno St), Heathcote, NSW, if commissioned according to this report, complies with the following criteria, guidelines and standards:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 (Refer Appendix C)
- Transport Corridor Outdoor Advertising & Signage Guidelines 2017.
- AS 4282-2019 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.

Ryan Shamier MIES

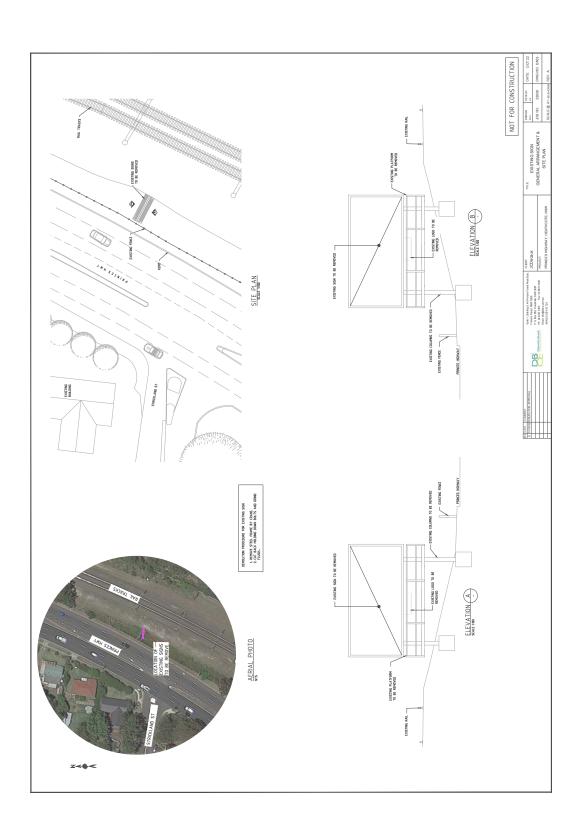
M.Des.Sc(Illumination) B.Eng (Elec)

Member of the Illuminating Engineering Society of Australia and New Zealand (MIES)

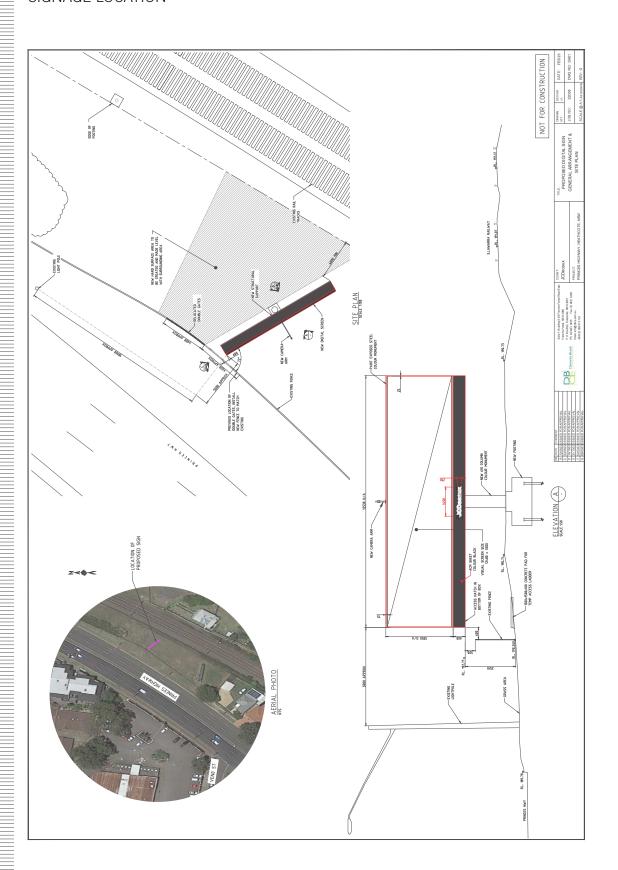
Registered Professional Engineer - New South Wales (PRE0000868)

Senior Lighting Designer Electrolight Sydney 21/04/23

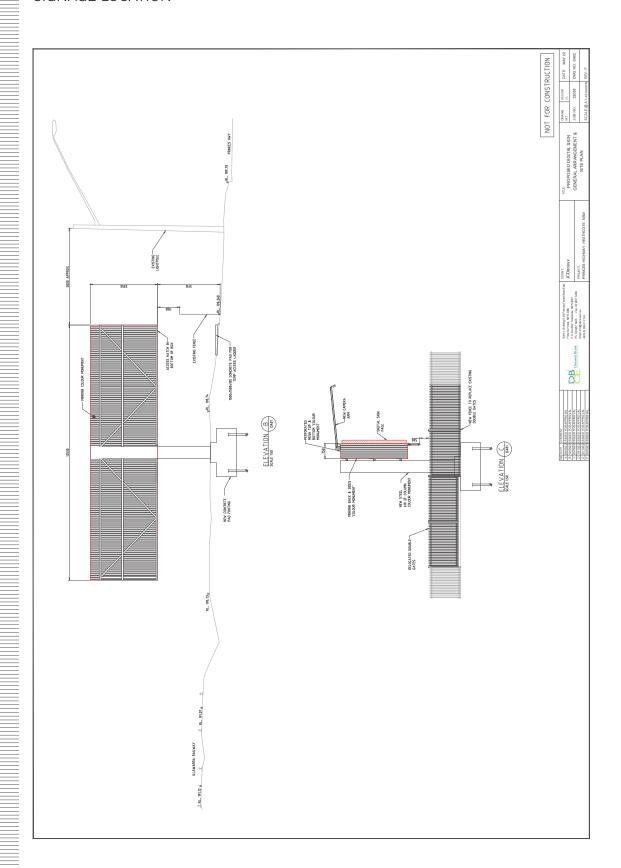
APPENDIX A SIGNAGE LOCATION



APPENDIX A SIGNAGE LOCATION



APPENDIX A SIGNAGE LOCATION



APPENDIX B DIGITAL SIGNAGE SPECIFICATION

DIGITAL SIGNAGE SPECIF	TICAL	IOIN											New Zealand p.1
Display Specifications-10mm Supersite	Active Screen Size (WxH) 12.48m x 3.2m	Active Screen Size (Sqm) 39.94sqm	Matrix Size (WxH) 1248 pixels x 320 pixels	Aspect Ratio 3.9:1	Display Weight 2316kg	Display Weight per Sqm 58kg/m2	Total Avg. Power Consumed 8.4kw	Total Max. Power Consumed 24kw	Max. Power Consumption per Sqm 600w/m²	Current Draw 104 amps max load*	Mains Recommendation Three-phase rated at 50 amps per phase	*Doesn't allow for in-rush current	Bringing spaces to life.

APPENDIX B DIGITAL SIGNAGE SPECIFICATION

Speccs Control Specifications Product Specifications Catalogue no. BSV-X7R-10 Price Configuration Module Density Module Density Module Recolution (WXH) Sabum x 160mm Sabum x 160m

APPENDIX C

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021

Schedule 5 Assessment criteria

(Clauses 8, 13 and 17)

1. Character of the area

- Is the proposal compatible with the existing or desired future character of the area or locality in which it is proposed to be located?
- Is the proposal consistent with a particular theme for outdoor advertising in the area or locality?

2. Special areas

• Does the proposal detract from the amenity or visual quality of any environmentally sensitive areas, heritage areas, natural or other conservation areas, open space areas, waterways, rural landscapes or residential areas?

3. Views and vistas

- Does the proposal obscure or compromise important views?
- Does the proposal dominate the skyline and reduce the quality of vistas?
- Does the proposal respect the viewing rights of other advertisers?

4. Streetscape, setting or landscape

- Is the scale, proportion and form of the proposal appropriate for the streetscape, setting or landscape?
- Does the proposal contribute to the visual interest of the streetscape, setting or landscape?
- Does the proposal reduce clutter by rationalising and simplifying existing advertising?
- Does the proposal screen unsightliness?
- Does the proposal protrude above buildings, structures or tree canopies in the area or locality?
- Does the proposal require ongoing vegetation management?

5. Site and building

- Is the proposal compatible with the scale, proportion and other characteristics of the site or building, or both, on which the proposed signage is to be located?
- Does the proposal respect important features of the site or building, or both?
- Does the proposal show innovation and imagination in its relationship to the site or building, or both?

6. Associated devices and logos with advertisements and advertising structures

• Have any safety devices, platforms, lighting devices or logos been designed as an integral part of the signage or structure on which it is to be displayed?

7. Illumination

- Would illumination result in unacceptable glare?
- · Would illumination affect safety for pedestrians, vehicles or aircraft?
- Would illumination detract from the amenity of any residence or other form of accommodation?
- Can the intensity of the illumination be adjusted, if necessary?
- Is the illumination subject to a curfew?

8. Safety

- Would the proposal reduce the safety for any public road?
- Would the proposal reduce the safety for pedestrians or bicyclists?
- Would the proposal reduce the safety for pedestrians, particularly children, by obscuring sightlines from public areas?

APPENDIX D OBTRUSIVE LIGHTING CALCULATIONS

Calaulatian Command			
Calculation Summary	C 1 m		
Label	CalcType	Units	Max
1 Veno Street_Ill_Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.3
1 Wilson Parade Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
1 Wilson Parade_Ill_Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
1317-1322 Princes Highway_Ill_	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.4
Seg1			
1317-1322 Princes Highway_Ill_	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.2
Seg2			
1317-1322 Princes Highway_Ill_	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
Seg3			
1322A Princes Highway 1 Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
1322A Princes Highway 1 Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
1322A Princes Highway Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	2.9
1322A Princes Highway Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.1
1324 Princes Highway Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.2
1324 Princes Highway Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
1326 Princes Highway Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.5
1326 Princes Highway Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
1328 Princes Highway Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.3
1328 Princes Highway Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
2-4 Strickland Street 1 Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
2-4 Strickland Street 1 Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.1
2-4 Strickland Street Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.6
2-4 Strickland Street Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.4
3 Veno Street Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.0
3 Veno Street Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.4
3 Wilson Parade Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.2
3 Wilson Parade Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.6
5 Wilson Parade Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.9
5 Wilson Parade Ill Seg2	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.7
7 Wilson Parade Ill Seq1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.8
7 Wilson Parade III Seg1	Obtrusive - Ill	Lux	0.4
9 Wilson Parade Ill Seg1	Obtrusive - III	Lux	0.4
9 Wilson Parade III Seg1	Obtrusive - III	Lux	0.0
9 WIISON PALAGE_III_Seg2	Obtrusive - III	ьих	U.Z



APPENDIX D THRESHOLD INCREMENT CALCULATIONS

Calculation Summary			
Project: Ti			
Label	CalcType	Units	Max
Trainline (northbound)	Obtrusive - TI	용	5.6
Princes Highway (norhbound)	Obtrusive - TI	%	0.9
Veno Street Left Turn_1	Obtrusive - TI	용	1.1
Veno Street Left Turn_2	Obtrusive - TI	용	0.2
Veno Street Left Turn 3	Obtrusive - TI	용	1.2



APPENDIX D OBTRUSIVE LIGHTING AND THRESHOLD INCREMENT CALCULATIONS

Obtrusive Light - Compliance Report
AS/NZS 4282:2019, A3 - Medium District Brightness, Curfew
Filename: 3023.27 Princes Hightway Heathcote rev C
21/04/2023 3:54:42 PM

Illuminance

Maximum Allowable Value: 2 Lux

Calculations Tested (10):

	Test	Max.	
Calculation Label	Results	Illum.	
1 Wilson Parade_III_Seg1		PASS	0.0
1 Wilson Parade_III_Seg2		PASS	0.0
3 Wilson Parade_III_Seg1		PASS	0.2
3 Wilson Parade_III_Seg2		PASS	0.6
5 Wilson Parade_III_Seg1		PASS	0.9
5 Wilson Parade_III_Seg2		PASS	0.7
7 Wilson Parade_III_Seg1		PASS	0.8
7 Wilson Parade_III_Seg2		PASS	0.4
9 Wilson Parade_III_Seg1		PASS	0.6
9 Wilson Parade III Seg2		PASS	0.2

Threshold Increment (TI)

Maximum Allowable Value: 20 %

Calculations Tested (1):

Adaptation Test Results

1 PASS Calculation Label
Trainline (northbound)

Obtrusive Light - Compliance Report
AS/NZS 4282:2019, A4 - High District Brightness, Curfew
Filename: 3023.27 Princes Hightway Heathcote rev C
21/04/2023 3:52:40 PM

Illuminance

Maximum Allowable Value: 5 Lux

Calculations Tested (20):

,	Test	Max.
Calculation Label	Results	Illum.
1322A Princes Highway_III_Seg1	PASS	2.9
1322A Princes Highway_III_Seg2	PASS	0.1
1322A Princes Highway_1_III_Seg1	PASS	0.0
1322A Princes Highway_1_III_Seg2	PASS	0.0
1324 Princes Highway_III_Seg1	PASS	0.2
1324 Princes Highway_III_Seg2	PASS	0.0
1326 Princes Highway_III_Seg1	PASS	0.5
1326 Princes Highway_III_Seg2	PASS	0.0
1328 Princes Highway_III_Seg1	PASS	0.3
1328 Princes Highway_III_Seg2	PASS	0.0
3 Veno Street_III_Seg1	PASS	0.0
3 Veno Street_III_Seg2	PASS	0.4
1 Veno Street_III_Seg1	PASS	0.3
2-4 Strickland Street_1_III_Seg1	PASS	0.0
2-4 Strickland Street_1_III_Seg2	PASS	0.1
2-4 Strickland Street_III_Seg1	PASS	0.6
2-4 Strickland Street_III_Seg2	PASS	0.4
1317-1322 Princes Highway_III_Seg1	PASS	0.4
1317-1322 Princes Highway_III_Seg2	PASS	0.2
1317-1322 Princes Highway_III_Seg3	PASS	0.0

Threshold Increment (TI) Maximum Allowable Value: 20 %

Calculations Tested (4):

- Caroarano 10 0000 (1).	Adaptation	Test
Calculation Label	Luminance	Results
Veno Street Left Turn_1	5	PASS
Princes Highway (norhbound)	5	PASS
Veno Street Left Turn_2	5	PASS
Veno Street Left Turn_3	5	PASS